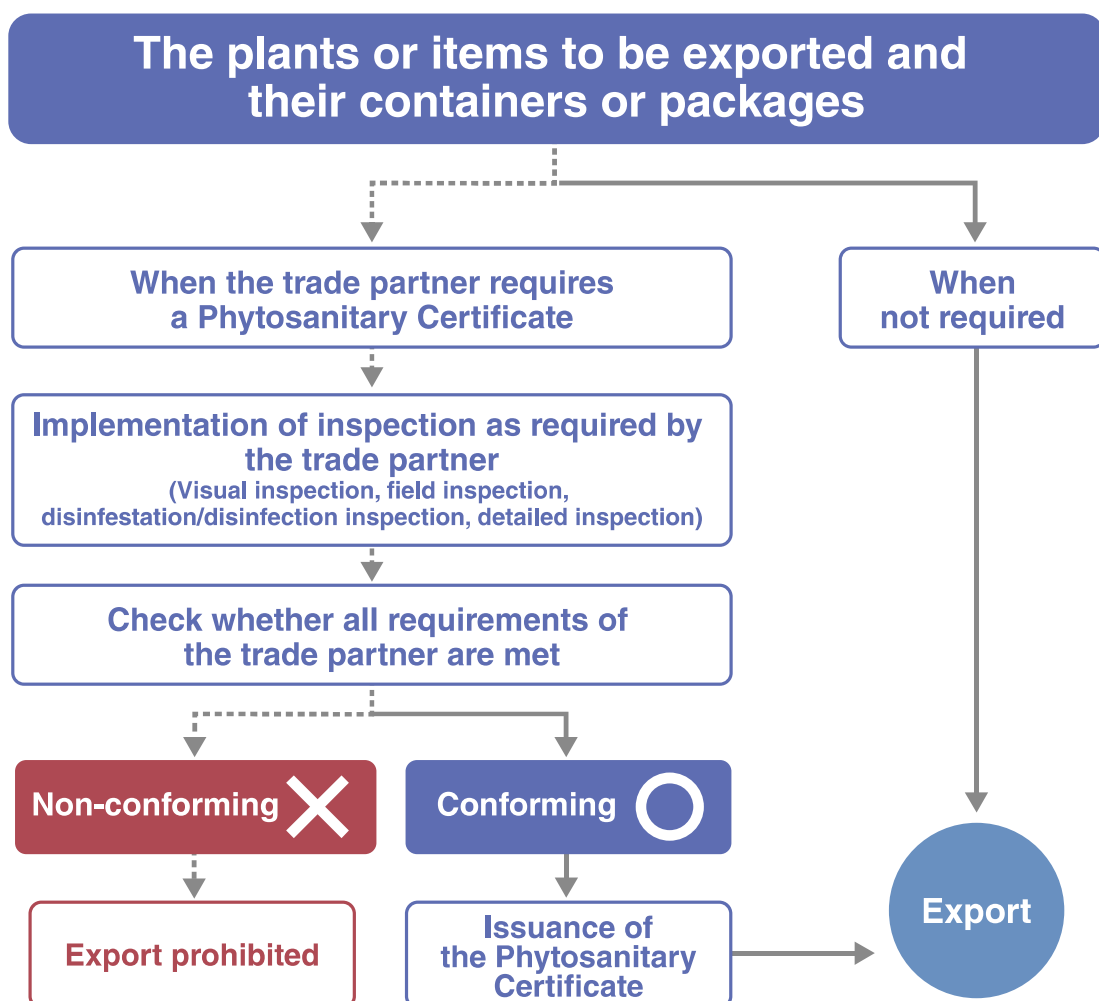


Implementing export quarantine to meet the requirements of Japan's trading partners

Export quarantine inspections are conducted to ensure that exported plants and goods do not have pests, and disinfestation/disinfection is properly implemented as required by the trade partners.

The government is working to promote the export of agricultural, forestry, and fishery products; in order to cope with the increase in inspections, registered conformity inspection body approved by the Minister of Agriculture, Forestry and Fisheries can now conduct some of these inspections. In this case, Plant Protection Station issues a Phytosanitary Certificate after confirming that the registered conformity inspection body is conducting the inspection appropriately.

Export quarantine procedures



Visual inspection

In addition to the presence or absence of the pests specified by the trade partner, the quantity, processing status, etc., are visually inspected. pre-owned agricultural machinery and highly processed products can now be inspected online using information and communication devices.



Inspection of cut flowers



Inspection of strawberries

Field inspection

The presence or absence of the pests specified by the trade partner is inspected in the cultivation place, surrounding areas, etc.



Inspection of bonsai



Inspection of apple orchards

Disinfestation/disinfection inspection

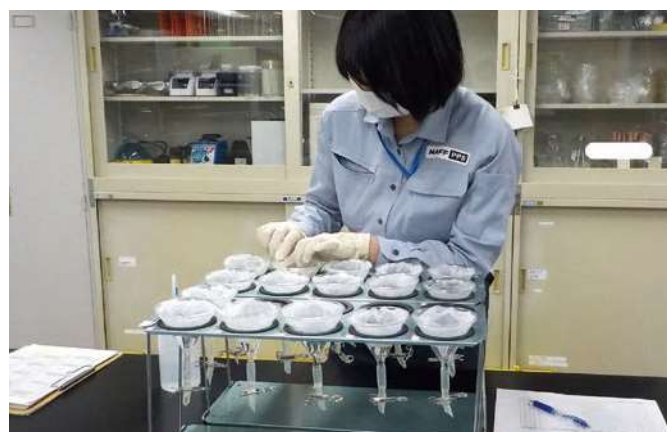
Whether the fumigation, heat treatment, low-temperature treatment, chemical treatment, etc., required by the trade partner have been carried out is confirmed.



Low-temperature treatment warehouse (upper left: confirmation of low-temperature treatment using a temperature sensor)

Detailed inspection

Genetic diagnosis, antiserum assay, Baermann funnel method, etc., are used for the inspection.



Inspection for nematodes using the Baermann funnel method